Please be sure to read the enclosed leaflet from the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare before getting vaccinated.

2024

HPV Vaccination

(Cervical cancer prevention vaccination)

Notice

This notice is being sent to girls who are eligible for HPV vaccinations at public expense and their parents/guardians residing in Minato City.

We would like to inform you about HPV vaccinations at public expense. We would like provide you with the necessary information to ensure that those who wish to vaccinate will receive their vaccinations without delay.



Vaccinations Section, Health Prevention Division, Minato Health Center, Minato City

FAX:03-3455-4460

03-6400-0081

Inquiries



About the HPV vaccination

1 Eligibility

As of the date of the vaccination, girls from the sixth grade of elementary school (equivalent to 12 years old) to the first grade of high school (equivalent to 16 years old) who are registered as residents in Minato City

For the 2024 school year, those born between April 2, 2008 and April 1, 2013 are eligible for the vaccine.

2 Vaccination Period

From the first day of the school year for the sixth grade of elementary school (April 1) to the last day of the school year for first grade of high school (March 31)

Please check the date printed in the upper right hand corner of the enclosed vaccination form for the expiration date for eligible persons.

3 Types of Vaccines and Vaccination Method

HPV vaccine are available by public expense in Japan are 2-valent vaccine (Cervarix[®]), 4-valent vaccine (Gardasil[®]), the 9-valent vaccine (Silgard[®]9).

9-valent vaccine (Silgard® 9) have become a scheduled immunization from April 1, 2023.

When receiving your first vaccination, select one of the following vaccines to be administered two or three times.

Vaccine name	9-valent vaccine (Silgard®9)		
Corresponding virus type	HPV 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, and 58		
Number of vaccinations (administration method)	A child aged under 15 years old at the time of initiating the initial vaccine 2 times (Intramuscular injection)	A child aged 15 years old and older at the time of initiating the initial vaccine 3 times (Intramuscular injection)	
Vaccination schedule Standard →	Interval of five months or more *1 1st time O months *1 If you get 2 nd vaccine at intervals of less than	Interval of interval of three months or more from the second vaccine 1st time 4 and 2nd time 4 and 5 and time 0 months 2 months 2 months 6 months	
Manufacturer & distributor	five months, you need 3rd vaccine. MSD) K.K.	

Vaccine name	2-valent vaccine (Cervarix [®])	4-valent vaccine (Gardasil®)	
Corresponding virus type	HPV 16 and 18	HPV 6, 11, 16, and 18	
Number of vaccinations (administration method)	3 times (Intramuscular injection)	3 times (Intramuscular injection)	
Vaccination schedule	Interval of five months or more from the first vaccine, and an interval of two and a half months or more from the second vaccine 1st time 2nd time	Interval of Interval of three months or one month more from the second or more vaccine 1st time	
Standard →	0 months 1 month 6 months	0 months 2 months 6 months	
Manufacturer & distributor	GlaxoSmithKline K.K.	MSD K.K.	

* "Interval of x months or more" means that another vaccination can be received on the same day x months after the day receiving a vaccination.

Please contact your local medical institution listed under "6 Vaccination Locations" to find out which vaccines they handle.

Vaccination Costs

-covered by public expense

However, a fee will be charged if the vaccination rules are not followed, such as if the expiration date listed on the vaccination form has passed, if a vaccination has been performed outside of the designated medical institutions, if the number of vaccinations has been exceeded, or if a vaccination has been performed without using the city's vaccination form.

What to Bring 5

In principle, children under the age of 16 must be accompanied by a guardian when receiving vaccinations. It is recommended that a parent accompanies the child for the first vaccination so that they can receive an explanation from the vaccinator. However, if a guardian cannot accompany the child, then please check the following.

If accompanied by a parent/guardian

- (1) Vaccination form for HPV vaccination (human papillomavirus) * Form with a orange border (The vaccination will go smoothly if you can fill in items in the form in advance.)
- (2) History of vaccinations of the person receiving the HPV vaccination (e.g., maternal and child/parent and child health handbook records.)
- (3) Other items that are used as necessary for reception at medical institutions (health insurance card, consultation ticket, medical certificates, etc.)

If not accompanied by a parent/guardian

Being accompanied by someone other than a guardian

If a guardian cannot accompany the child for some special reason, then an individual other than the child's guardian will be allowed to accompany the child if there is a "letter of power of attorney" from the guardian. Individuals who can accompany the child are limited to those who are familiar on a regular basis with the health condition of the child who will be vaccinated. A guardian must fill out the letter of power of attorney on the vaccination day, and the individual accompanying the child should submit the letter of power of attorney to the medical institution with (1) to (3). The form for the letter of power of attorney is posted on the Minato City Website.

For children aged 13 to 15 who will receive the vaccine alone

Children between the ages of 13 and 15 can be vaccinated on their own if they have parental consent. The child's guardian should read this vaccination notice by the vaccination day and sign in the appropriate section on the vaccination form. The child who will be vaccinated should bring the vaccination form with them when they go to the medical institution.

Individuals 16 years old or older

Individuals aged 16 years old or older may receive the vaccine only through their own consent.

on the vaccination form .

The individual receiving the vaccine should sign in the signature space Minato City Website

https://www.city.minato.tokyo.jp/hokenyobou/yobousessyu/hpv.html

Vaccination Locations 6

Medical institutions listed in the addendum, "HOSPITALS AND CLINICS FOR HPV VACCINATION"

A reservation may be necessary, so please check with your healthcare provider in advance. For a list of newer medical institutions in Minato City, please refer to the Minato City homepage (see the QR code above).

You can also get vaccinated at designated medical institutions in the 23 cities. For the medical institution you wish to visit, check the website of the city office where the institution is located to see if it is a designated medical institution. If you wish to receive the vaccination outside of the 23 cities, you must complete the included Vaccination Request Form before receiving the vaccinations. Please see Website for more details.

Vaccination Precautions

Cases where you cannot get vaccinated

(1) If you have an obvious fever (usually above 37.5° C)

- (2) If you have a severe acute illness
- (3) If the components of the HPV vaccination caused anaphylaxis-like symptoms and other hypersensitivity

(4) Or, if a physician determines that it is best that you do not get vaccinated

Cases where you need to make a particularly careful decision about getting vaccinated and need to consult with a physician

- (1) If you have unexplained pain that continues (throbbing or aching), such as when you get injured.
- (2) If previous vaccines (including non-related vaccines) have caused severe pain and numbness in both hands and feet

Precautions after vaccination

- Sit down and watch for about 30 minutes after receiving the vaccine.
- · Do not exercise violently on the day you receive the vaccine.
- If you experience any symptom of concern, immediately consult a doctor, adults around you, or Minato City.

8 Adverse Reactions (Observable Side Effects After Vaccination), Etc.

Main adverse reactions that may occur after vaccination				
Frequency of occurrence	Vaccine: Cervarix®	Vaccine: Gardasil®	Vaccine:Silgard [®] 9	
50% or more	Pain, redness, swelling, fatigue	Pain	Pain	
Less than 10% to 50%	Pruritus, abdominal pain, muscle and joint pain, headache, etc.	Erythema,swelling	Swelling, erythema, headache	
Less than 1% to 10%	Urticaria, dizziness, fever, etc.	Headache, pruritus, fever	Dizziness, nausea ,diarrhea, pruritus, fever, fatigue, Internal bleeding, etc.	
Less than 1%	Sensory abnormalities at injection site, hypoesthesia, general weakness	Diarrhea, abdominal pain, extremity pain, musculoskeletal stiffness, Induration, bleeding, discomfort, malaise, etc	Vomiting, abdominal pain, muscle and joint pain, bleeding, hematoma, malaise, induration, etc.	
Frequency unknown	Extremity pain, fainting, lymphadenopathy, etc.	Fainting, vomiting, muscle and joint pain, fatigue, etc.	Hypoesthesia, fainting, extremity pain, etc.	

Reorganized from the attached Cervarix® document (14th edition), the attached Gardasil® document (3rd edition) and the attached Silgard®9(1st edition)

Severe adverse reactions that rarely occur after vaccination

Report frequency*	Name of disease	Main symptoms
Once in approximately 960 thousand vaccinations	Anaphylaxis	A severe allergy that causes dyspnea, urticaria, etc.
Once in about 4.3 million vaccinations	Guillain-Barre syndrome	A disease of the peripheral nerves that is characterized by weakness in the hands and feet
Once in about 4.3 million vaccinations	Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis (ADEM)	A neurological disease, such as in the brain, that causes headache, vomiting, and decreased consciousness
Once in about 8.6 million vaccinations	Complex regional pain syndrome (CRPS)	A disease with an unknown cause that causes chronic pain as a result of trauma

* Among the reports identified by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare by March 2013, a reported frequency in which a relationship with vaccines cannot be denied

Consultation Desk

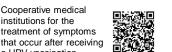
After vaccination, if you have any persistent pain (e.g. muscle pain, joint pain, skin pain, headache) with an unknown cause or symptoms such as numbness or weakness, consider consulting with a physician or vaccinator at the following dedicated contacts and Minato City:

senshou28/medical institution/index.html

Contact information for those who have symptoms after receiving a HPV vaccination



institutions for the treatment of symptoms that occur after receiving a HPV vaccination



https://www.mhlw.go.jp/bunya/kenkou/kekkaku

Relief System for Health Injuries due to



https://www.mhlw.go.jp/stf/seisakunitsuite/b unya/vaccine_kenkouhigaikyuusai.html

Vaccination

Other

Cervical cancer screening

https://www.mhlw.go.jp/bunya/kenkou/kekk aku-kansenshou28/madoguchi/index.html

Regular cervical cancer examinations are also important for the prevention of cervical cancer. There are some types of HPV that cannot be immunized against. As such, you should have a cervical cancer screening once every two years after age 20, whether or not you have been vaccinated.

Please be sure to read the enclosed leaflet from the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare before getting vaccinated.